

# Technical Data Sheet

Test	Standard	Unit	Corkcomfort Floating WRT	Corkcomfort Floating HPS	Corkcomfort Glue-down PU	Corkcomfort Glue-down WRT	Corkcomfort Glue-down HPS
Level of use	EN 685	Class	23	23	23 (a)	23	23
Domestic							
Commercial			31	33	31 (b)	31	33
Industrial			—	42	—	—	42
UPEC Rating	NF	Class	—	—	—	—	U3P3E2C2
<b>General properties</b>	<b>EN 12104 / EN 655 / EN 14085</b>						
Dimensions	EN 427 / EN 428	mm	905x295x10,5 605x445x10,5	905x295x12 605x445x12	600x300x6 600x450x4	600x300x4 600x450x4	300x300x3,2 600x300x3,2 600x450x3,2
		Inches	35-5/8x11-5/8x13/32 23-13/16x17-1/8x13/32	35-5/8x11-5/8x15/32 23-13/16x17-1/8x15/32	23-5/8x11-13/16x2/8 23-5/8x17-23/32x5/32	23-5/8x11-13/16x5/32 23-5/8x17-23/32x5/32	11-13/16x11-13/16x1/8 23-5/8x11-13/16x1/8 23-5/8x17-23/32x1/8
Wear layer thickness	EN 429	mm	—	0,50	—	—	0,50
Apparent density	EN 672	Kg/m <sup>3</sup>	760	825	>500	>500	>800
Mass per unit area	EN 430	g/m <sup>2</sup>	8000	9900	3000	2300	2700
Dimension stability	EN 434 / EN 669	%	EN 669 Direction 1: 0.00 Direction 2: 0.01	EN 669 Length: 0,04 Width: -0,02	EN 434: Direction 1: - 0,75 Direction 2: - 0,74	EN 434: Direction 1: - 0,86 Direction 2: - 0,80	EN434 Direction 1: - 0,07 Direction 2: - 0,12
Gloss	Glossmeter	degrees Gardner	10° ± 3	10° ± 3	—	10° ± 3	10° ± 3
<b>Safety properties</b>							
Fire resistance	DIN 4102-1	Class	—	B1	B2	—	B1
	DS/INSTA 414	Pass/fail	—	—	—	—	Passes
	UNE 23.727-90	Class	—	—	—	—	M3
	SS 024825 (NT Fire 007)	Class	—	—	—	—	G
	NF	Class	—	—	M3	M3	M3
	EN13501-1	Class	Cfl s1	Bfls1	Cfls1	Dfls1	Cfls1
C.S.E. RF 2/75/A-RF 3/77	Class	—	1	—	—	1	
Surface flammability	ASTM D2859	Pass/fail	—	Passes	Passes	Passes	Passes
Critical radiant flux	ASTM E 648-3	Watts/ Square Cm	.23	0,83	.53	—	0,40
Specific optical density	ASTM E 662-03	Density	Flaming: 199 / Non flaming: 177	Flaming: 393,8 / Non flaming: 438,3	Flaming: 148 / Non flaming: 264	Flaming: 145,8 / Non flaming: 287,43	Flaming: 279,3 / Non flaming: 386,4
Slip classification	EN 14041	Class	DS	DS	—	DS	DS
Sliding coefficient	EN 13893	Coeff.	0,57	—	—	0,57	—
	EN DIN 51131		0,47	—	—	0,47	—
Slippery safeness	Dresden parameters	Class	Safe	—	—	Safe	—
	DIN 51130	Class	R-10	R-10	—	R-10	R-10
Static coefficient of friction	ASTM C1028-89	Coeff.	Dry: 0.65; Wet: 0.69	Dry: .69; Wet: .94	Dry: .69; Wet: .79	Dry: 0.65; Wet: 0.69	Dry: .76; Wet: .92
<b>Additional properties</b>							
Impact sound reduction	ISO 140-8	dB	16	18	21	16	9
Step sound	NF S 31 - 074	dB	78	78	—	—	—
NRC Noise reduction class	ASTM C423-90a	dB	—	0.10	0.05	0.10	0.05
STC sound transmission class	ASTM E413-87	dB	54	54	53	53	53
IIC Impact insulation class	E492-04	dB	58	59	57	56	53
Surface noise radiation	ANSI S12.32-1990	dBA	—	92.1	87.7	87,5	89.6
Thermal resistance	DIN 52612	m <sup>2</sup> K/W	—	10°C: 0,1099	10°C: 0,097	10°C: 0,0642	10°C: 0,0393
	ASTM C-518-04	(R-value)	—	0,57	0,50	0,29	0,16
	EN 12667	m <sup>2</sup> K/W	0,102	0,114	0,073	—	0,027

- (a) Must be varnished on-site with minimum 12 coats of W700 or W2000 or another recommended varnish  
 (b) Must be varnished on-site with minimum 12 coats of W2000 or another recommended varnish for this level of use  
 (c) No changes of the wear layer nor delamination  
 (d) No damage of the wear layer  
 (e) Rate 6 of the blue scale; rate 4 of the gray scale  
 (f) Several commercial and domestic products tested (30 minutes and 2 hours contact). Only Acetone (100%) and Ethyl alcohol have caused a very slight alteration of the surface. All the others have caused no alteration.  
 (g) The following products were tested (60 min and 24 hours rubbing): 5% Acetic Acid, 70% Isopropyl Alcohol, Mineral Oil, 5% Sodium Hydroxide, 5% Hydrochloric Acid, 5% Ammonia, Bleach, 5% Phenol, Gasoline, Kerosene, Sulfuric Acid, Olive Oil  
 (h) 5% Sodium Hydroxide and 5% Phenol have caused a "Slight Change"  
 (i) No changes after testing the following chemicals: Acetic acid (5%), Hydrochloric acid (5%), Sodiumhydroxid-Solution (10%), Aceton, Petrol, Oil, Fat, Shoe polish (black), Red wine, Milk

- (j) The following products were tested: acetone, coffee, 10% citric acid, 25% caustic soda solution. This last product caused changes on the surface.  
 (k) Causes slight damages on the surface  
 (l) The following products were tested: acetone, coffee, NaOH, Hydrogenperoxyde (H2O2, 3%), Black shoe cream, Citrus acid (solution of 10%)  
 (m) Acetone causes grade 1 effects  
 (n) The following products were tested: Olive oil, Butter, Condensed milk, Red wine, Petrol, Acetic acid, Soda ash; all cause grade 5 effects (no visible change)  
 (o) The following products were tested: Cleaning agent, Cleaning solution; all caused grade 5 effects (no visible changes)  
 (p) rate 0 = no observed effect. The following products were tested: 5% acetic acid; vinegar; 70% isopropyl alcohol, Mineral oil, NaOH Sodium oxide, 5% HCl Hydrochloric acid, 5% H2SO4 Sulfuric acid, 5% NaOCl Household ammonia, 5% Phenol disinfectant, Kerosene, Olive oil, Unleaded gasoline

Test	Standard	Unit	Corkcomfort Floating WRT	Corkcomfort Floating HPS	Corkcomfort Glue-down PU	Corkcomfort Glue-down WRT	Corkcomfort Glue-down HPS
Thermal conductivity	EN 12667	W/mK	0,105	0,106	0,084	—	0,117
Heat dissipation	DIN 52614	KJ/m <sup>2</sup>	—	W1: 27 / W10: 111	W1: 33 / W10: 136	W1: 27 / W10: 123	W1: 36 / W10: 184
Wear resistance	EN 660-1	mm(thickness)/gr.(weight)	—	Thickness loss: 0,050 Weight loss: 0,93	—	—	Thickness loss: 0,058 Weight loss: 1,12
	EN 660-2	gr./100 cycles	—	0,047	—	—	0,047
	EN 14354	Nr. of Cycles	8800	—	—	8800	—
	ASTM D3884	Cycles/Wheight loss	—	Cycles: 7300 / Wheight loss: 0,00069 grams	—	Cycles: 475 / Wheight loss: 0,189 grams	Cycles: 6800 / Wheight loss: 0,00147 grams
	NEMA LD-3	Cycles & grams/100 cycles	3100 & 0.0053	—	—	—	—
Accelerated wear test	SATRA TMD:2004 (BS 7976-2: 2002 Pendulum testers) (BS EN 423:2022 - Determination of effect of stains)	Cycles (1,000,000)	—	No stain from red wine. No changes of HPS wear layer thickness Sliding potential not affected. Excellent appearance retention	—	—	No stain from red wine. No changes of HPS wear layer thickness. Sliding potential not affected Excellent appearance retention
Castor chair test	EN 425	Effect	(c)	(c)	—	(c)	(c)
Chair leg resistance	EN 424	Effect	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)
Residual indentation	EN 433	mm	-0,02	-0,02	-0,45	-0,02	-0,02
	ASTM F1914-98	% loss	—	10.6	26	—	22.8
Scratch resistance	EN 438	N	1,60	4	—	1,60	4
Scuff resistance	IHD 445	Method A-%/ Method B-Grade	—	-5,5 0	—	—	-5,5 0
	Mar test	Grade	—	0	—	—	0
Impact resistance	EN 438	N	Small ball: 14	4	—	Small ball: 14	4
		mm (high falling)	Big ball: 1300	—	—	Big ball: 1300	—
Static load limit	ASTM F970-87	Inch (%)	—	.006 Inch (1.6%)	.005 Inch (1.9%)	—	.000 Inch (0.0%)
Static electrical propensity	EN 1815	Volt	3100	1100	900 (antistatic) ASF - class 2	1900	1500
Electrical resistance	EN 1081	Ohm	6x10 <sup>12</sup>	3x10 <sup>12</sup>	3x10 <sup>12</sup>	2x10 <sup>12</sup>	Rv: 1.19x10 <sup>11</sup> / Rh: 7.3x10 <sup>11</sup>
Electrostatic propensity	AATCC 134-1991	KV	—	NEG 0.4	—	—	NEG 0.5
Effect of stains	EN 423	Effect	—	(n)	—	—	(n)
	EN 12720	Effect	—	(o)	—	—	(o)
Chemical resistance	ASTM F925-97	Surf. dulling	(p) rate 0	(p) rate 0	—	(p) rate 0	(p) rate 0
		Surf. attack	—	No change	—	—	No change
		Color change	—	No change	—	—	No change
Stain resistance	AATCC Gray scale	Immediate blotting	—	No stain	—	—	No stain
		Cleaned after 24 hours	—	No stain	—	—	No stain
Effect of stains (I)	EN 438, part 2	Grade 1= surface destruction; 5= no visible changes	5(m)	5/5	—	5(m)	5/5
Resistance to cigarette burns	EN 1399	Burning	—	(k)	—	—	(k)
		Stubbed	—	(k)	—	—	(k)
Colour fastness	EN ISO 105-B2	Rating	4,5	(e)	—	4,5	(e)
	EN ISO 20105-B02	Blue wool scale	≥ 6	—	—	≥ 6	—
Colour fastness to light (Xenon Arc)	AATCC 16E	Rating 1-5 (5 is the best)	—	3	5	—	4,5
Formaldehyde emission	DIN EN 717-1/2	mg HCHO/hm <sup>2</sup>	2,1	0,6	0,3	—	<0,2
		mg/m <sup>2</sup>	0,01	0,01	0,01	—	0,01
		ppm	0,01	0,01	0,01	—	0,01
		Class	E1	E1	E1	—	E1
PCP (pentachlorophenol)	CEN/TR 14823 (hd-W 409)	mg/Kg	0,5 (PCP free)	<0,3 (PCP free)	n.d (PCP free)	—	n.d (PCP free)
VOC emission	CEN ENV 13419 (ECA-IAQ)	Ecological evaluation	Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive	Positive